Exhibit A

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

In Re:

PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY

AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICE

LITIGATION

OA No. 01-12257-PBS

CA No. 07-10248-PBS

MDL No. 1456

Pages 1 - 49

MOTION HEARING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE PATTI B. SARIS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

United States District Court 1 Courthouse Way, Courtroom 19 Boston, Massachusetts November 5, 2007, 4:00 p.m.

LEE A. MARZILLI
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
United States District Court
1 Courthouse Way, Room 3205
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2 (Pages 2 to 5)

2 4 APPEARANCES: 1 MR. DALY: Aciclovir. 1 For the Plaintiffs: 2 THE COURT: Aciclovir. GEJAA T. GOBENA, ESQ., United States Department of 3 3 MR. DALY: Well, Aciclovir, Judge, yes, and if you Justice, Civil Division, Commercial Litigation, Fraud, 601 D Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20004. 4 went our way on that issue, it would only be around -- you'd JAMES JOSEPH BREEN, ESQ., The Breen Law Firm, 5 go six years back from when they brought it in, which would 5755 North Point Parkway, Suite 39, Alpharetta, Georgia, actually -- actually, Aciclovir, if you went that way, Judge, 6 6 30022. 7 would probably still be out because they filed Aciclovir in For the Defendants: 8 June of '07. You go back six years --8 9 THE COURT: Who -- did you dream up the R1-G2? JAMES R. DALY, ESQ., Jones Day, 9 10 MR. DALY: Well, we struggled with how to define 77 West Wacker, Chicago, Illinois, 60601-1692, for Abbott Laboratories. 11 these things and --10 12 THE COURT: It's unbearably complicated the way ALSO PRESENT: 13 you've briefed it, so I'm not even sure I completely 11 LAURIE A. OBEREMBT, ESQ., United States Department of 14 understand the sequence of events. But let me start off: I 12 Justice, P.O. Box 261, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, 15 don't want to waste time on whether it's the first amended D.C., 20044. 16 complaint or the second amended complaint because either way 13 14 17 I would give them leave to move to file. I think you've got 15 18 a good argument that it really is the second one because if 16 19 you take the Baylor case, the complaint in intervention is 17 18 20 really an amended complaint. That's what gives them the 19 21 relation back, and I've bought that. 20 22 But so what? So they move for leave to amend, and 21 22 23 I allow it. So maybe they technically should have filed a 23 24 motion. Let's get to point two: What does that do? 24 25 MR. DALY: Which point is that, your Honor? 25 5 3 1 PROCEEDINGS 1 THE COURT: Which is, let's assume they move for 2 2 THE CLERK: In re: Pharmaceutical Industry Average leave to amend for a second amended complaint. In other 3 Wholesale Price Litigation, Civil Action No. 01-12257, will 3 words, they don't do it as a matter of right. I would probably allow them to do it, and then the question is, well, 4 now be heard before this Court. Will counsel please identify 4 5 themselves for the record. 5 what does it relate back to? But then your point is that 6 MR. GOBENA: Gejaa Gobena on behalf of the United 6 there was nothing to --7 States. 7 MR. DALY: There's nothing to intervene on, Judge. 8 THE COURT: No, you have to speak up. 8 THE COURT: Intervene on. So don't waste time on 9 MR. GOBENA: Sorry. Gejaa Gobena on behalf of the 9 whether it's the first or second amended complaint. 10 United States. 10 MR. DALY: All right, your Honor, I understand 11 11 MR. BREEN: Jim Breen representing Ven-A-Care of that. 12 12 THE COURT: That won't get us very far. the Florida Keys. 13 MR. DALY: Good afternoon, your Honor. Jim Daly on 13 MR. DALY: Do we pick it up right there? 14 behalf of Abbott Labs. 14 THE COURT: Yes. So then they've got the statute 15 THE COURT: So instead of watching the Patriots-15 which says you need the express consent of the Attorney 16 Colts game last night, I decided to wade through this 16 General. And your basic argument is that the declination is 17 17 impenetrable mess in terms of the timing of all these tantamount to a written consent. 18 complaints. So I guess you are the moving party. As I 18 MR. DALY: Right. They came in and specifically 19 understand it, no matter what happens here, this case doesn't 19 indicated they were not intervening in the other drugs, were 20 20 go away. It's a question of dealing with one drug and a intervening on these four drugs, which are 41 NDCs. And then 21 21 bunch of NDCs, right? Mr. Breen on behalf of the relator came in and said, "You 22 MR. DALY: Correct, Judge. I think, even if you 22 know what? We're going to file our amended complaint by 23 went all our way, there would still be about a year left, but 23 adopting the United States' complaint." 24 it would whittle it down substantially. 24 THE COURT: Put him aside for a minute. Do you 25 THE COURT: Of Aciclovir. How do you pronounce it? 25 have any case that says declining to intervene is the same

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8 6 1 thing as written consent to drop? 1 of nightmare about this. There was no express consent to 2 2 drop. As I understand it, the relator dropped, dropped it. MR. DALY: I don't think we have a case that says 3 specifically that, Judge, but where would we be if that's not 3 MR. DALY: Right. 4 the case? In other words, what is being intervened in? I 4 THE COURT: And the government didn't protest, in 5 5 mean, when we tried to get the file in this case, for fact seemed to go along with it, so -example, they kept telling us, before the Court ordered them 6 MR. DALY: They served me with the papers. 7 to turn it over, that "Oh, all that stuff in the past doesn't 7 THE COURT: I understand that, but I don't know 8 matter. You don't have to get that because all that relates 8 what that means. I think in the statute, doesn't it say 9 9 to Abbott is in this new complaint, our complaint in "express consent"? 10 intervention that we, the United States, have filed and the 10 MR. DALY: I'm not sure of the exact language. I 11 relator has adopted as its amendment." Once that happened, 11 think it does talk about consent, but I think that if 12 there's nothing in the -- there's nothing in the netherworld 12 you're --13 of claims sitting around waiting to jump out at, because 13 THE COURT: It's a mess. 14 where would they go? Do they go to you? 14 MR. DALY: -- if you're co-plaintiff, the relator 15 THE COURT: The statute says "express consent." So 15 that you're joined at the hip with says, "I'm dropping all 16 I see so many of these. We're whistleblower heaven here. So 16 these claims and I'm adopting your complaint as my new 17 what ends up happening is, they agree to intervene on some 17 amended complaint," all those things go away. And I don't 18 claims and not on others. And I've had that in Neurontin. 18 know -- as I say, I'm trying to raise a practical problem --19 19 There's a bunch of them that that's happened on. who has control over those claims? Is it you? 20 20 MR. DALY: Right. THE COURT: I hope not. 21 21 MR. DALY: I don't think the Court thinks that THE COURT: Or they decline to intervene at all. 22 22 you've got this big brown bag of claims that nobody's ever You couldn't say that was tantamount to consent that they can 23 dismiss, I mean, because I think the theory at the end of the 23 seen before, and I don't think Judge Gold thinks that either. And I think that the reason that we all think that 24 day is -- maybe it's because the resources of the local U.S. 24 25 25 Attorney's office doesn't permit them to, or maybe they're is because when they came out of the box in 2006, they said, 7 1 not sure yet, or whatever it is -- no one has said that that 1 "This is our complaint in intervention. This is our amended 2 2 means that they can dismiss, "they," the relator. complaint." 3 THE COURT: I forgot to look it up. Does the MR. DALY: Well, but they did, and this wasn't done 3 4 in secret. I mean, they were joined at the hip when they 4 statute say "express consent," or does it say --5 opened this thing up in Florida, and then we transferred it 5 MR. GOBENA: It says "express written consent from 6 6 here. It's not as if the government is saying that "Oh, we the court and the United States." 7 weren't -- " they served us with those papers. They said, 7 THE COURT: So that's the problem you run into is 8 "Here's our intervention, and here's the relator's adoption 8 the statute. So the problem is, you're right, I mean, they 9 of our complaint as the new complaint," period, end of 9 botched it up procedurally, but I don't have express written 10 story. I don't think there's anything to go back to. 10 consent. I have implied. 11 11 Who has these claims; in other words, these claims MR. DALY: Well, you do have by the court. It says 12 "by the court and the Attorney General." But the court that they're just sort of picking out of this bottomless pit 12 13 of claims? 13 approved it, and they allowed the relator to amend by 14 THE COURT: You're right, the relator dropped it. 14 adopting the United States' complaint. I mean, that's clear 15 15 You're right, the relator dropped it. And then the question as a bell. 16 is, so did they validly drop it? 16 THE COURT: You certainly have implied consent, but 17 MR. DALY: But where are they? In other words, do 17 you don't have express written consent is the problem. I 18 they go to you? Do they go to Judge Gold in Florida? I 18 don't know where that leaves you. 19 19 MR. DALY: Well, and, you know, if you want to talk mean, they've continually told us throughout this litigation 20 20 that "There's nothing left in Florida. Everything we have to about the statute, another thing I want to emphasize with the 21 21 Court is, for them to intervene on something like this, they say about Abbott is in this complaint and in front of 22 Judge Saris in Boston. You don't need to see the file. You 22 need good cause. The U.S. can intervene on a claim if 23 don't need to --" 23 they've got good cause. I don't think there's anything to

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intervene on because these claims weren't there, you know, in

June of this year when they intervened on it. But even if

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THE COURT: I agree it's as sloppy as it gets, but

also there's also the statute, so that's what creates a sort

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12 10 1 they were, what is it that the government tells us is their 1 MR. DALY: Well, the reason it's ten years later is 2 reason for wanting to come into this case? They say, "Oh, we 2 that ten years have gone by. You know, we've been prejudiced 3 have new evidence concerning Aciclovir." And I don't know if 3 by this. We've had a year and a half of discovery. Our discovery period ends in two months. We've been working away 4 the Court had a chance to look at --5 THE COURT: I know, but I can't decide that on a 5 on this. Every request we make --6 motion to dismiss. That's like a summary judgment motion. 6 THE COURT: All right, so this is just about a 7 MR. DALY: Well, except that the things that they 7 tardy amendment is what you're saying. 8 8 say are new were attached to the complaint in 1997. In other MR. DALY: Well, that's one of our arguments. 9 words, there's nothing new about Aciclovir in this new 9 THE COURT: You know, it's like the typical 10 complaint. The letter that they talk about and the 10 Rule 15(a) kind of discussion. 11 allegation that somebody at Abbott said, "We're going to 11 MR. DALY: Correct, and I also think that then you 12 widen the spread," that is in the complaint that the relator 12 look at why are they saying we're bringing this. When they 13 filed in 1997. It's the relator's third --13 first come to the court, they say, "We're bringing it because 14 THE COURT: And why is that relevant? Because? 14 we have new evidence." We looked at the new evidence, and we 15 15 found out that the new evidence that they cite was attached MR. DALY: Because this isn't new. This notion 16 that there's new evidence that they found that they want to 16 to the complaint that was filed in 1997. There is no new 17 bring these Aciclovir claims has completely unraveled. The 17 evidence on this. 18 18 very allegations that they make in this new complaint were in THE COURT: Assume you're right, there's no new 19 the complaint filed by the relator in 1997, in the R-3 19 evidence. Why can't --20 20 MR. DALY: So they have no reason for not -- the complaint. 21 THE COURT: Why is that relevant? 21 decision to do this when they opened up against us in 2006 22 22 was conscious. This isn't some mistake. MR. DALY: Because they said that they're entitled THE COURT: That happens every day of the week on a 23 to do this because they have new evidence. There is no new 23 24 evidence. The evidence is ten years old. 24 motion to amend. So what you're really saying is that you 25 25 THE COURT: This is such a complicated set of should get -- I shouldn't do it because you're prejudiced. 11 13 1 MR. DALY: That's one of our arguments, yes, 1 briefings. Let me just get this. If leave to amend is 2 liberally granted, and assume for a minute there was not 2 Judge. And I also think that we do have this metaphysical 3 express written consent from the Attorney General so the 3 problem of, what are they intervening in? There is no 4 claim is still out there in the netherlands, why can't they 4 Aciclovir claim for them to intervene on. If they want to 5 just amend? 5 sue us, "they," if the government wants to sue Abbott for 6 MR. DALY: Because I think under the False Claims 6 Aciclovir, they can bring it under 3730(a), which is the 7 Act, they still need good cause, and I think the Court has to 7 direct action. 8 look --8 THE COURT: Right, and it gives them a year. 9 THE COURT: Good cause to? 9 MR. DALY: It gives them six years. 10 MR. DALY: To intervene and pick up these claims 10 THE COURT: No, I understand. It gives them --11 11 MR. DALY: Six years from today, or from whenever that they say are out there, and I think the Court has to 12 look --12 they filed it in June. 13 THE COURT: Normally they don't have to show good 13 THE COURT: Right, and you said that simply means a 14 cause to intervene, do they? 14 year of recovery, right? 15 15 MR. DALY: Well, because they allege in their MR. DALY: It's in the statute. Sure. 16 THE COURT: They just intervene, I mean --16 complaint that the alleged scheme ended in April of 2001, so 17 MR. DALY: Well, then they have to have good cause 17 it effectively does that. But that's their option at this 18 to do so, and the Court has to look at that. 18 point, and I don't think you can sort of resurrect claims 19 THE COURT: You mean good cause to intervene late? 19 that have been abandoned and call it an intervention. 20 MR. DALY: Well, I think late and at all. I mean, 20 THE COURT: I don't know, so why don't I turn to 21 21 the problem here is that the stuff that -- they came to the you and ask. This is a mess procedurally, okay? So let me 22 22 court and they -just start you from point one, which is, you can't say that 23 THE COURT: They have good cause to intervene, but 23 you can relate back and not say that the complaint in 24 you're saying if -- they had it ten years ago, so why does it 24 intervention is tantamount to an amended complaint. You just

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can't have it both ways. If it's a brand-new complaint, then

matter that it's ten years later?

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14 16 1 it doesn't relate back. I mean, you can't have your cake and 1 THE COURT: So they amended by adding maybe. So 2 eat it too on the procedural argument. So I bought your 2 they didn't actually dismiss their complaint? 3 argument essentially that it was essentially an amended 3 MR. DALY: They amended it by dropping everything 4 complaint and it relates back under the first prong. 4 that they had that wasn't -- they simply adopted as their 5 MR. GOBENA: 15(c)(1). 5 complaint the government's complaint, and whatever they 6 THE COURT: 15(c)(1). So you need to move to 6 had --7 amend, and I'll say that from now on, because this whole area 7 THE COURT: Didn't they technically dismiss out 8 has suddenly turned into a mess. 8 their --9 MR. GOBENA: Sure. 9 MR. DALY: I don't think it was a motion to 10 THE COURT: So now the part that I was struggling 10 dismiss, Judge, no. 11 with last night is, the statute says you have to have written 11 THE COURT: It's a disaster. 12 consent of the Attorney General, but you guys just sat by 12 MR. DALY: One thing I will point out is, the 13 while they dropped it. What do I do with that? He's 13 statute says dismiss "actions" without consent, not 14 technically correct, there's nothing to intervene in. Do I, 14 "claims." The action hasn't been dismissed, but I don't 15 15 like, just like Lazarus. . . emerging? I'm not blaming you think there's any prohibition on dismissing claims without 16 16 personally. It is messy. the Attorney General's consent. 17 MR. GOBENA: I understand your Honor's concern, and 17 THE COURT: A new argument you must have just 18 I think the key is that there is a distinction between, I 18 thought of. 19 19 think, essentially dropping something and dismissing MR. DALY: Well, I meant to say it, Judge, but I 20 20 something. I mean, FCA claims can only be dealt with if moved on. 21 they're dismissed. You can't just abandon them. 21 MR. GOBENA: Of course, the United States believes 22 22 THE COURT: He dismissed it, didn't he? that's drawing too fine a line between what the statute was 23 MR. GOBENA: No. What he did was, he adopted the 23 really trying to get at. I mean, the issue is that, and this 24 United States' complaint in intervention as the relator's 24 will be made very clear --25 25 complaint; didn't move to dismiss it; just asked for the THE COURT: Are there any cases on this at all in 15 17 the United States of America? Court to allow for an amendment to adopt the United States' 1 1 2 2 MR. GOBENA: No, not specifically, but there's some complaint, so --3 THE COURT: Did somebody allow his motion to 3 general case law that I think guides the Court. I mean, 4 dismiss? 4 there's a Sixth Circuit decision, U.S. Ex Rel Taxpayers 5 MR. GOBENA: The court did. 5 Against Fraud V. General Electric; and one of the things the 6 THE COURT: Is that me? 6 court said there, and admittedly it's in dicta, is that the 7 MR. GOBENA: No, not you. It was Judge Gold down 7 False Claims Act has been crafted in such a way with such 8 in Florida. 8 particular care as to give the United States primacy when it 9 THE COURT: Right, so they were dismissed. So, I 9 comes to overseeing the prosecution of False Claims Act 10 mean, he's technically correct, there's nothing to intervene 10 claims, regardless of whether it brings it itself or the 11 11 relator brings it. 12 12 MR GOBENA: Well, it wasn't a motion to dismiss, So when you look at sort of where all the courts 13 your Honor, and that's the thing. They didn't ask to have 13 are going in terms of the United States' control over False 14 their claims eliminated. All they asked to do is to adopt 14 Claims Act action, the only logical conclusion is that you 15 15 have to read the statute on the basis of its plain meaning. the United States' complaint by amendment. 16 THE COURT: So they did move to dismiss down there? 16 And Congress intended both the court and the United States to 17 MR GOBENA: No. There's no motion to dismiss, and 17 get (Inaudible) consent to dismissal. If the relator then 18 certainly if there's a motion to dismiss, the United 18 decided to move to dismiss, we certainly would have 19 States ---19 considered the motion and done whatever was appropriate based 20 20 on our evaluation of the motion and the claims, but we THE COURT: Do you agree with that, there's no 21 21 motion -- that the claims haven't been dismissed? weren't presented with that situation. 22 MR. DALY: No, I don't. There's no "motion to 22 And just to go back a moment, I don't want to waste 23 dismiss," but they amended by adopting. So whatever I had 23 the Court's time too much on this, but on the issue of 24 before I don't have because I'm jumping in with the United 24 Aciclovir, we had allegations in 1997 from the relator about States on their complaint. 25 Aciclovir. It's a mega-spread drug. It's a drug with

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20 1 spreads, I think eventually over a thousand percent. And we 1 marketing it. This was a very powerful antiviral drug. It's 2 2 had allegations from one customer, particularly the relator, used to treat AIDS patients. I mean, it's not a drug that --3 who claimed that Abbott's salespeople were marketing the 3 you know, it's not just the typical generic out there. It 4 spreads to them. And we didn't intervene at that time was generic. However, it served an important function, so I 5 5 because we wanted to get some verification in discovery, and think that the, you know, the sort of justice weighs in favor in the course of discovery we took a deposition of the 6 of allowing us to have this amendment to add a drug. 7 salesperson who was alleged to have done it, and he confirmed 7 THE COURT: Going back to his point, assume you're 8 he talked about AWPs with the relator. And to talk about 8 absolutely correct --9 AWPs is the functional equivalent of talking about the 9 MR. GOBENA: With respect to the consent? 10 spreads, so that's the new --10 THE COURT: -- that you need the written consent of 11 11 THE COURT: Why did it take ten years? the Attorney General, and they didn't get it, but still 12 MR. GOBENA: Are you talking sort the macro sense 12 there's nothing there right now to intervene in. So what 13 to investigate the cases or with respect to this particular 13 does one do? 14 drug? 14 MR. GOBENA: Oh, I argue, your Honor, that there 15 15 THE COURT: This case. actually is something there to intervene in, which is that, 16 MR. GOBENA: Well, to be honest with you, I can't 16 you know, while the relator may have a Fifth Amendment 17 give you the history beyond 2004 because I wasn't on the 17 complaint that adopts the United States' complaint in 18 case. So all I can do is roll it up in the larger issue, 18 intervention, it didn't dismiss, you know, the NDCs and 19 19 which is, you know, when these cases were brought in Florida, claims that are identified in this fourth amended complaint. 20 20 THE COURT: You never actually, is that correct, there were some thirty or forty defendants out there, and 21 tens of thousands of NDCs are being investigated, and the 21 you never actually dismissed it? 22 22 MR. BREEN: That's correct, your Honor. government did its best with the limited resource it had to 23 sort through defendants. And over time, we've settled 23 MR. GOBENA: So there really are --24 cases. There's been over a half a million dollars' worth of 24 THE COURT: Do I have it somewhere? 25 settlements in these Ven-A-Care cases, and we've intervened 25 MR. GOBENA: You might have it as an exhibit to the 21 1 in some, and we've dismissed a bunch actually. So we do 1 motion. 2 2 actually dismiss cases when it makes sense to do so. MR. DALY: Judge, the relator's motion is Exhibit K 3 So why it took ten years specifically about 3 to our original motion to dismiss here, and then Judge Gold's 4 4 order is Exhibit L. Aciclovir? I can't tell you, but I can tell you sort of 5 generally why this case has taken so long. And one of the 5 THE COURT: I think we have it all upstairs. So 6 6 difficulties we've had, your Honor, is that, you know, we your argument would be, even because they adopted it, it 7 issued investigative subpoenas in these cases back in 19 --7 doesn't mean they dismissed their own claims? 8 THE COURT: -- the only reason it took you ten 8 MR. GOBENA: I think that's correct. They have to 9 years to get the confirmation of the positions is because it 9 move the Court to dismiss it. I mean, the statute talks 10 10 took you that long to notice the depositions. about dismissal. It didn't talk about dropping or 11 11 abandonment. I don't think abandonment or dropping is MR. GOBENA: Fair enough. 12 THE COURT: As I understand it. It's not your 12 sufficient to meet the statute's requirements in terms of the 13 typical newly discovered evidence. 13 disposal of a claim. So as a result, there very well are, 14 MR. GOBENA: Right, I think that's right. I mean, 14 you know, these NDCs --15 THE COURT: Does this mean five years from now 15 but -- well, we (Inaudible) the ability to compel testimony, 16 sworn testimony about -- well, I guess we did under civil 16 you'll find another one of these drugs and then amend and 17 investigative demand provisions, but, you know, obviously we 17 relate it back? 18 took the route of getting the sworn testimony through 18 MR. GOBENA: Well, I think, you know, in this 19 19 instance here, what we were trying to do is, we thought we litigation. And the ten years is a function of the fact that 20 the investigation was complex. It involved many more 20 were allowed to move and amend as a matter of right under 21 21 defendants than Abbott. So it's unfortunately why it took so 15(a), and I understand the Court's decision about that. 22 22 THE COURT: So you're going to have to move to long. 23 However, I don't think it outweighs the fact that 23 amend. 24 24 we're talking about a mega-spread drug. We're talking about MR. GOBENA: We'd have to move to amend, and then

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the Court would have to make a decision at that point,

the fact that their salespeople were going out there and

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22 24 1 weighing a variety of factors, as to whether or not it was 1 careful about what we do. 2 2 THE COURT: Are they in different locations and in appropriate to do the amendment. So there is, you know, a 3 doorstop on this, and that's the Court's discretion and the 3 Washington? Where are they? 4 Court's authority to decide not to grant a motion to amend 4 MR. DALY: Some are in Washington. They've tended 5 down the road, although I will note that we only have two 5 to be in various places because a lot of people have months of fact discovery left, so our ability to --6 retired. Remember, some of these events are from the early 7 THE COURT: What do you do with his point, which is 7 to mid-'90s, so people have left the government, are in other 8 he has to go back through and do all this discovery again? 8 positions or retired at this point in time, but by and large, 9 Because, I mean, I will do a typical Rule 15 kind of 9 we've been able to get them in D.C. 10 balancing. 10 MR. GOBENA: Your Honor, if I could address that, 11 11 MR. GOBENA: Yes, well, one thing is that we put first of all, the amount of utilization for Aciclovir from 12 them on notice, I believe as of June, with six months left in 12 '97 to 2001, we're talking, I think, about \$400,000 or 13 the discovery period, that we were interested in pursuing 13 \$500,000 here. It's not a huge utilization drug. 14 this drug. And I actually personally sent a request for 14 Secondly, there's no J-Code for this drug, and 15 15 documents related to Aciclovir. They've decided not to that's because there wasn't a lot of significant Medicare 16 16 produce it. I don't know if they're gathering it or not. On utilization. I think our damages for Aciclovir are going to 17 the government's side, we're trying to do our best to 17 be Medicaid damages, and thus far they've only deposed a 18 18 gather -handful of Medicaid people at CMS that I'm aware of. I don't 19 THE COURT: Does that mean you have to go back and 19 know that they've deposed too many state Medicaid people to 20 20 depose all these people all over again? the extent they --21 MR. GOBENA: Well, not necessarily. If you're 21 THE COURT: So you're willing to pay for whatever 22 22 talking about their depositions of government people, expenses it costs to fly back and depose these people a 23 frankly, from what I've seen, and, again, in my 23 second time? 24 representation to the Court, they don't really ask 24 MR. GOBENA: Well, I mean, your Honor, if they've 25 25 drug-specific questions. Most of their defense is built on not moved to dismiss -- I think that we should be allowed to 25 1 the generalized government knowledge: "You knew that there 1 add the drugs based on the conduct at issue. I don't think 2 were spreads, and you still kept the system --" 2 we should have to pay their fees in connection with it 3 THE COURT: Well, let's assume I make them move --3 because the conduct is so egregious that we have to seek 4 damages for (Inaudible) -well, not assume -- I am going to require them to move to 4 5 amend. What are the actual now damages caused by a delay? 5 THE COURT: At some point the government has got to 6 MR. DALY: Well, these two drugs are, you know, 6 eat it. I mean, they've got to make a decision in terms 7 drugs that have a lot of sales, they have a lot of data, a 7 of -- you know, I'm sympathetic that these are massive 8 lot of information, a lot of people that they want to 8 spreads and a huge amount of time. It's just, you know, now 9 depose. We obviously need to find out what the federal 9 we're almost at the tail end of discovery. He has to go back 10 government knew about these drugs. One of the things that 10 and depose some of these people if I allow it, and the 11 11 the government has, the position that they've taken in government should have to pay for whatever the actual -- not 12 discovery is, "Gee, if it doesn't mention one of your drugs 12 the time in the deposition because that would have happened 13 that we've sued you on, the subject drugs, we're not giving 13 if you'd done it in a timely way, but different travel 14 you the documents." So as far as we know, they could have a 14 expenses and that sort of thing. 15 15 treasurer trough of documents relating to Aciclovir, and we Where's your firm, Mr. Daly? 16 don't have them. Obviously, we have to ask for that. 16 MR. DALY: Primarily in Chicago, although we've got 17 17 THE COURT: That's just additional time to do it, folks in Washington working on it as well. 18 but what are the actual dollar damages from having to go 18 THE COURT: The depositions are where? 19 19 MR GOBENA: Well, I mean, the thing is, I don't redepose people? 20 MR. DALY: Well, if we had to do that, it would be, 20 even know who you're anticipating deposing, Mr. Daly, 21 21 you know, it's certainly tens of thousands of dollars. because, quite frankly, your Honor, as I mentioned, none of 22 THE COURT: Why? 22 these CMS witnesses, I mean, at best a few of them that 23 MR. DALY: Well, because we've taken probably 23 they've deposed thus far really know anything about Medicaid 24 24 forty, fifty depositions per side thus far. I'm not saying programs.

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THE COURT: Oh, so it may be a very small amount of

we'd want to go back and do them all, but I think we would be

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26 1 that when the Court makes its decision on the motion to 1 money. 2 MR. GOBENA: Exactly. I mean, I think what we need 2 dismiss, if it could order the answer to be served by Abbott 3 to do is assess, you know, really the impact first before 3 within a week of the Court's order. 4 that kind of sanction is imposed on the government for 4 THE COURT: How many paragraphs? 5 5 amending the complaint. MR. GOBENA: In our complaint? I think it's 130. 6 THE COURT: It's not a sanction. It's a condition 6 THE COURT: I don't know that you can do it in a 7 for amending so late, like, two months left of the discovery 7 week. 8 period. I mean, it's a typical thing that you impose on 8 MR. GOBENA: Well, I mean, the only issue I have, 9 9 your Honor, is that there may be affirmative defenses in parties. 10 MR. GOBENA: Well, your Honor, when we sought to 10 there that we're going to need to do discovery on, and we're 11 amend, there was six months left in discovery, and we filed 11 going to run out of time. 12 our first amended complaint in June. Two months was because 12 THE COURT: He just told you what they were. 13 13 MR. GOBENA: Well, in general terms. I've seen we --14 THE COURT: You didn't have the right to just file 14 their answers in other cases, and they have 60 plus 15 15 it because you needed to move to amend, and it just -affirmative defenses listed out there, so it's not, like, 16 So I think what Mr. Daly needs to do, because he 16 that simple as he characterized it. 17 talked in very general terms about his prejudice without 17 THE COURT: When can you give them a draft answer 18 18 being specific, what I'd be inclined to do is to allow the so they'll know what your likely affirmative defense is? 19 19 motion to amend when it's filed. In opposition, you should MR. DALY: I mean, I could provide them something, 20 essentially detail any additional expenses. I'm not talking 20 Judge, that will give them a foreshadowing of what they will 21 about attorneys' fees because if he had done it in a timely 21 be. Perhaps a letter, would that be all right, Judge? 22 22 THE COURT: Yes. When can you file your motion to way, you would have had to actually have done the deposition 23 anyway, but any additional cost from traveling from Chicago 23 amend? to Washington or an additional hotel room and the like. And 24 24 MR. GOBENA: We can do that by the end of this 25 25 I want to know, are any more of these things coming? week. 27 1 THE COURT: Fine. And you're going to respond 1 MR. GOBENA: In terms of Abbott claims, claims 2 against Abbott? As far as I know, I think that's it, based 2 within a week, because I've got most of it here in these 3 on the evidence we have at hand. Again, discovery has two 3 massive filings, as to what any prejudice would be. I have 4 months left. I don't anticipate anything, but I'm not sure 4 to look at your -- see what you technically did here to see 5 in terms of adding additional drugs. 5 if there are any claims to still intervene in, if there was 6 THE COURT: Now, what's coming in two months, 6 an actual dismissal as opposed to just an adoption. You're 7 expert discovery? 7 saying, as you see it, you remember you didn't actually 8 MR. GOBENA: Yes, expert discovery starts at that 8 dismiss the --9 stage, although, your Honor, I would like to point out to the 9 MR. BREEN: Your Honor, we didn't, and just for 10 Court, I want to give the Court advanced notice, we're two 10 what it's worth, and granted this is a complicated case, a 11 11 months away from the end of discovery. We haven't received complicated situation, there's a lot of first decisions here, 12 an answer from Abbott. So we can guess at what their but here's how I see it: We pled a claim. We pled a cause 12 13 defenses are going to be, but we haven't gotten --13 of action under the False Claims Act. These Aciclovir 14 THE COURT: When are you going to file an answer? 14 allegations, we think they're allegations. We believe it was 15 15 MR. DALY: Well, if the Court were to grant my the right thing to do to join the government's complaint to 16 motion to dismiss, I'd never have to file an answer. 16 simplify this case and not proceed on every possible NDC that 17 THE COURT: Well, you would on the other claims. 17 the relator had developed information on. But these 18 MR. DALY: As soon as the Court rules, because 18 Aciclovir claims are allegations; and to the extent that 19 right now our current motion is addressed to the entire 19 those allegations are not in the current complaint, it's not 20 20 thing. as if we dismissed or abandoned the cause of action. They're 21 21 THE COURT: What are your defenses? the same division, the same people, the same marketing 22 MR. DALY: A, we didn't do it, and, B, they knew 22 mechanisms. We're not talking about there are other 23 about it and it was part of the system. 23 divisions and other drugs.

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And I never looked at these as being a cause of

action or something to be dismissed. I looked at this as

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THE COURT: So now you know.

MR. GOBENA: I guess what I'm asking the Court is

9 (Pages 30 to 33)

32 1 1 streamlining our case, joining in the government's complaint, here, even while they had this one in Florida. 2 2 THE COURT: What's PPD? and making it simpler for everybody. But just like any other allegations that are still there that relate to our cause of 3 3 MR. DALY: That's our Pharmaceutical Products 4 action, to the extent that they're a proper subject to 4 Division, Judge. That sells sort of branded drugs. The 5 5 amendment, everything relates back. other one does the generic drugs. 6 THE COURT: It's a mess. 6 THE COURT: So why isn't -- so that isn't part of 7 MR. BREEN: It's not like we're trying to bring a 7 this case? 8 8 new theory or a new cause of action. MR. BREEN: No, your Honor. It was just 9 THE COURT: Did you ever actually dismiss your 9 transferred to the MDL recently. There's a motion to dismiss 10 10 filed, and it's being briefed. allegations involving this? 11 11 MR. BREEN: No, your Honor, absolutely not. MR. GOBENA: It's another qui tam, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: I'm going to have to go upstairs and 12 MR. BREEN: I'm just making full disclosure as to 13 look. Was it a motion to substitute? 13 the number of cases. 14 MR. BREEN: It was a motion for leave to amend by 14 THE COURT: Well, what's this case about? 15 15 adopting the government's complaint in intervention. MR. GOBENA: It's another qui tam that was filed 16 THE COURT: And it never says dropping the other 16 here in Boston. It involves completely different drugs and a 17 claim? 17 different division within Abbott. The United States has 18 18 MR. BREEN: I don't believe so, your Honor. declined to intervene on that case, so the relator is not 19 19 THE COURT: So let me just be clear now. Whatever proceeding, and I believe it's been transferred to the MDL. 20 I do here, I'll take care, I'll protect Abbott from any 20 THE COURT: I see, so it's a different division, 21 21 unnecessary expenses by flying back and taking a new different drugs. 22 22 MR. GOBENA: Different division, different drugs, deposition, or whatever, but I'm not going to grant any more 23 motions to amend unless it's genuinely new evidence -- not 23 different people selling them, different customer base. 24 "We didn't get around to taking the deposition" -- genuine. 24 THE COURT: So the new one is branded? 25 25 These cases have to end. MR. BREEN: It is a branded drug, your Honor, but 31 1 And what about Dey? What are all the other cases I 1 they competed in the generic marketplace by marketing the 2 2 have, Roxane? All these other things, are we going to keep spread, is the nature case. 3 having this problem? What are the others that are floating 3 THE COURT: And this case here in front of me 4 out there? 4 mostly is generic? 5 MR. GOBENA: I really can't talk about it in open 5 MR. GOBENA: It's all generics, your Honor, and 6 6 court. different kind of drugs. Our drugs in this case are 7 THE COURT: No, but the ones that have been opened. 7 injectable drugs. They're sold in sort of a --8 MR. GOBENA: Oh, there's Dey and Roxane. 8 MR. DALY: Saline, dextrose, sugar water, salt 9 THE COURT: Yes, yes, right. So are you going to 9 water. 10 10 be adding new claims onto them? THE COURT: So how do you deal with the median 11 MR. GOBENA: Well, I can't talk to that. Laurie 11 pricing issue? 12 Oberembt is here and is actually handling those two cases. 12 MR. GOBENA: Well, that's an issue that we're 13 She could probably address that for your Honor. 13 evaluating right now, and, you know, we originally had -- we 14 THE COURT: Are we going to have the same problem 14 had a couple of theories that we're going to explore with our 15 15 again? experts and ultimately probably put into our expert report, 16 MS. OBEREMBT: We don't have any plans to have the 16 one of which is to argue that while there might be -- it 17 17 same problem again, your Honor. might not be easy to show a clear line between Abbott's 18 MR. BREEN: Your Honor, there's also a separate 18 pricing and the effect on the median, the fact is that Abbott 19 19 complaint out of Boston where the relator has got -- it's a was marketing the spread on its drugs -- and we have 20 20 nonintervene case that was recently transferred to the MDL documents to this effect -- knowing that it would affect the 21 21 involving Abbott's PPD Division, correct. Medicaid reimbursements. And our argument is that by 22 22 MR. DALY: And that's going to be coming before marketing the spread on Medicaid drugs, in effect, it's 23 you, Judge, with another motion. 23 fraud-tainted Medicare claims because the scheme was not 24 24 THE COURT: What? Medicare or Medicaid specific. It was geared towards getting 25 MR. DALY: They filed another duplicative action 25 government programs ultimately to pay for drugs. If we argue

10 (Pages 34 to 37)

36 34 that, then I think our damages might be -- the amount of the 1 claims to be hammered out in this motion in response? 1 2 claims is tainted by taken by kickbacks -- Medicare claims 2 THE COURT: No, you don't have to rebrief that. 3 were tainted by Medicaid kickbacks. 3 You've already briefed that to death. 4 THE COURT: So it's not just a straight liquidated 4 MR. DALY: Okay. 5 5 THE COURT: I agree with you on your first point, damage claim? 6 MR. GOBENA: No, no. And then the other thing --6 which is a minor victory but a victory, which is, they need 7 THE COURT: Because unlike what I had in the other 7 to move to amend. MR. DALY: Right. 8 case, the False Claims Act is so much per claim. What is it? 8 9 I don't even know. 9 THE COURT: I have to say I'm somewhat persuaded, 10 MR. GOBENA: The claims are \$5,500 to \$11,000. 10 and I need to look at the documents, that if they didn't 11 Actually, from September 15, '99, till now, and the claims 11 actually dismiss their claims but simply moved to adopt the 12 before that were \$5,000 to \$10,000. You're talking about the 12 government's, that there may be something there to intervene 13 penalties? 13 on, but I need to read the document myself. 14 14 THE COURT: Per claim. MR. DALY: I know you will, but let me just read it 15 MR. GOBENA: Per claim, yes. The other theory 15 to you: "Ven-A-Care moves pursuant to Rule 15, Federal Rules 16 16 of Civil Procedure, for leave to amend its complaint as to we're looking into is just seeing the effect that Abbott's 17 prices had on the median price and determining damages based 17 Abbott only by adopting the United States' intervention 18 on that, kind of akin to what your Honor was doing in the MDL 18 complaint as Ven-A-Care's complaint against Abbott." And 19 19 case. But I think it's fair to say, in our preliminary that's in Exhibit K to our motion to dismiss, to adopt it as 20 assessment of damages, that the vast majority of damages in 20 Ven-A-Care's complaint against Abbott. I mean, I think if 21 our case are going to come from the Medicaid side where you 21 the Court were sitting here and you had two co-plaintiffs and 22 22 don't have the median problem. The drugs were reimbursed on one of them said, you know, "I'm adopting my co-plaintiff's 23 an NDC basis based on NDC and the AWP --23 complaint," you wouldn't be hearing from them two years 24 THE COURT: Don't you have MACs and FULs and all 24 later, "Oh, you know, I did that, but I've still got all 25 25 that stuff? these claims back here that I want to resurrect," and that's 37 35 1 MR. GOBENA: No, actually not for -- for the most 1 what we're doing today. 2 2 THE COURT: It's extremely messy. It's extremely part, not for injectable drugs. If you ask me why, I can't 3 give you an answer, even though these were generics, but you 3 messy, and it's not clear for either of you. 4 MR. DALY: Judge, we have -- and I appreciate the don't have a MAC or the FUL problem for the most part. 4 5 THE COURT: I thought this case for the generics 5 Court's time today -- we have a sort of second phase of our 6 would be easier because I don't have to deal with any of that 6 argument, which is --7 liquidated damage amount. 7 THE COURT: The NDCs. 8 MR. GOBENA: Well, no, it's more, I think, on the 8 MR. DALY: For all of them. And, you know, really 9 Medicaid side, it's a straight traditional damages theory. 9 it's a question of Exhibit A, if I may hand this up to the 10 You're going to have AWP-based reimbursements, and you're 10 Court, which is --11 11 THE COURT: You know, I feel less sympathetic to going to have, you know, the differential between that and the actual, kind of like your brand case for Medicare. 12 12 you when it's just, like, well, they mentioned one drug NDC That's how it is for generics on the Medicaid side. 13 13 but not the other drug NDC, because all NDC means is 14 On the Medicare side, obviously you have the issue 14 different amounts or how many milligrams in the dose. 15 15 of the median, so the damages get a little bit more MR. DALY: Well, I mean, here's my problem with 16 complicated. But, you know, like I said, I think it's fair, 16 that: Some of them are new drugs; some of them were added at 17 17 we're going to have, I think, substantial Medicare damages, different points in time. And I think the Court has made a 18 but this is mostly a Medicaid damages case when we're talking 18 variety of observations in various contexts that, you know, 19 19 if I've learned anything in these cases, it's drug by drug, damages. 20 NDC by NDC. And our first point here is under Baylor. I'm THE COURT: Can I ask just going off the record for 20 21 21 not going to reargue the Baylor motion that you did in Dey, a minute. 22 22 but what's it going to relate back to? It ought to at least (Discussion off the record.) 23 MR. DALY: Judge, I just want to understand where 23 relate back to the first time that something was raised. 24 24 we are. They're going to file a motion for leave. Are we leaving the question of the relation back of the Aciclovir 25 THE COURT: The drug, the drug.

11 (Pages 38 to 41)

38 40 1 MR. DALY: The drug. 1 the Food and Drug Administration, and every one of these 2 2 compounds and sizes and drugs -- you know this, Judge. And THE COURT: But not necessarily each NDC. That's 3 slicing it too thin. I forget, there was another case where 3 then the J-Codes are a group of those that are the same drug 4 I didn't buy that argument, I don't remember which one it 4 basically. 5 was, but you've got notice that this drug and this marketing 5 THE COURT: It's a billing mechanism. with this drug; and if they didn't mention one NDC as opposed 6 MR. BREEN: Correct. 7 to another NDC, as long as it's the same drug, you've got 7 THE COURT: J-Code is a billing mechanism, but if 8 8 fair notice of the claim. it's same drug, were the complaints -- were any new drugs 9 9 MR. DALY: Well, but there's quite a few in here, alleged? 10 Judge, that are different drugs, completely different drugs. 10 MR. BREEN: For example, the Aciclovir was alleged 11 THE COURT: Completely new drugs? 11 in the '97 complaint. 12 MR. DALY: Completely new drugs. If you look at 12 THE COURT: I'm asking, are there any new ones? 13 Exhibit A, for example --13 MR. GOBENA: In the United States' either complaint 14 THE COURT: What's a completely new drug? 14 or first amended complaint? All the drugs were either in the 15 MR. DALY: When the government filed its first 15 original complaint or are in the relator's second amended 16 complaint, the one that was transferred to your Honor, if you 16 complaint which was filed by August 12, 1997. 17 look at the last page of this, Page 6 -- well, these are the 17 THE COURT: Is that right, and we have different 18 ones, Judge, these are all J-Code drugs, and they had never 18 billing codes and different NDCs codes? 19 19 been mentioned by anybody in any prior complaint. MR. DALY: Well, there are different NDCs, but 20 THE COURT: So the last four, is that the ones that 20 there are different NDCs for a reason, Judge. I mean, not 21 are brand-new? 21 all saline products are the same. They're different drugs 22 22 MR. DALY: Yes. Yes, and that's important to us. used for different purposes in different areas and different 23 And the one point I want to raise is --23 parts of the hospitals for different procedures. The same THE COURT: Wait. Is that right, they've never 24 24 thing for Vanco, the same thing for sugar water. To claim, 25 been mentioned in any drug, in any --25 to say that all salines are the same, and if I sued you for 39 41 1 MR. BREEN: It's not right, your Honor. The J-Code 1 saline, I can come in and sue you fifteen or twelve years 2 2 nomenclature may have been new when we got into whatever later --3 amended complaint you're referring to, Jim, but the NDCs that 3 THE COURT: But you haven't shown me that there's 4 those drugs relate to were part of the prior complaints. The 4 any difference. I mean, in other words, like, I can't 5 drugs were alleged. It's the J-Coding itself --5 remember now but -- I just tried this thing a year ago, but 6 THE COURT: So what's an HCPCS? 6 you would have the same drug that would be sold in different 7 MR. BREEN: That's the HCPCS code, your Honor. 7 dosage amounts, and each one had a different NDC, but it was 8 That's J-Code. 8 9 THE COURT: I know a lot now, but HCPCS is the same 9 MR. DALY: Well, that's what I'm trying to say, 10 as J-Code? 10 that they're not quite the same. I mean, you have topical 11 11 solutions, you have injectables, you have bags. You have all MR. GOBENA: Yes, your Honor. J-Code is a type of 12 HCPCS code. 12 sorts of different things. 13 THE COURT: So NaCl, is that salt? 13 THE COURT: Some are pills, I understand, but it's 14 MR. BREEN: Salt. 14 the same compound. 15 THE COURT: So that had been mentioned before? 15 MR. DALY: Right. 16 MR. BREEN: The NDC had, your Honor. 16 MR. GOBENA: Chemically equivalent, your Honor. 17 17 THE COURT: Huh? THE COURT: Whatever it is, it's the same -- I 18 MR. DALY: This isn't an NDC, though. That's my 18 don't know, I haven't been --19 point. These are J-Codes. This is a whole new --19 MR. DALY: But my point with those is that those 20 THE COURT: I know, but is it the same drug? 20 were never named in any complaint that the relator ever filed 21 21 MR. BREEN: The same drug. in the ten years prior to the government's intervention, 22 MR. DALY: It's a different form of salt water or 22 so --23 sugar water. 23 THE COURT: When you say "those," you mean the 24 MR. BREEN: It's not a different form, your Honor. 24 NDCs? It's a different code. The National Drug Code is issued by 25 MR. DALY: These last three, the J-Codes that are

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12 (Pages 42 to 45)

involved here on the very last page.

THE COURT: But were the drugs that the billing codes relate to named?

MR. GOBENA: Yes.

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MR. DALY: Sugar water was named, one form of sugar water or another was named in a prior complaint. My point is, though, these suits are about NDCs and about drugs and about specific payments made for specific drugs, not for salt water generally. And if the government is intervening in March of '06, they have to be intervening on claims that were there to intervene on. And if there were no claims by the relator on these, what is the government intervening on? The government doesn't --

THE COURT: I understand that argument, and that's the one that I'm still baffled by, which is what to do with what you did way back when. And I must say, the concern I have is, the default goes to the statute, and the statute says "written consent of the Attorney General." So let's say somebody drops something and you don't have written consent of the Attorney General, what's the remedy?

MR. DALY: Judge, I think when you look at these orders and see what was moved and that they moved together on 22 this, and that one the government opened up and permitted the relator to come in and join their complaint as their complaint, I don't know how much, other than somebody writing

of Justice -- I've been beating a drum, not with you but forever up here in Boston -- it's got to happen faster and cleaner.

MR. GOBENA: In terms of the interventions? Oh, absolutely. This is a unique case, your Honor. I mean --

THE COURT: No, it isn't. That's the sad piece of it. I totally understand Judge Jacobs' frustration in the Second, and I've had a bunch of them up here too. So it's something that I understand hugely about the resource limitations, and how you don't get the FBI time and all that, big drugs and you're fighting over very difficult issues, but it can't be ten years. These are the kinds of issues that we run into. And I guarantee you that short of genuinely newly discovered evidence, I will not be allowing any other motions to amend.

MR. GOBENA: We understand, your Honor. I mean, obviously our preference would have been to have the intervention done sooner, earlier in the process because, you know, I've deposed people, or even that I've seen, I don't know answers coming back at me. So I certainly understand the Court's concern, and I think it's certainly the intention of the Department's attorneys to move as quickly as possible. This is a unique situation that was governed by the number of of defendants we had to investigate, and, frankly, some obstinate practices on the part of the

a letter saying, "I hereby consent," I mean, that would be consent in any other context.

THE COURT: Does it say "express consent in writing"? It says the word "express"?

MR. GOBENA: I think it says "written consent" for certain. I'm not sure about the "express" part. However, I think that's the intent of the statute. Basically the statute wants both the Court and the United States, the Attorney General specifically, to weigh in on the disposal of False Claims Act claims.

MR. DALY: But when the Court looks at this, and I know it will, it does talk about dismissal of actions, not the dismissal of claims. So I think that people can deal with claims, but, you know, I think what's being dealt with in the statute is: Don't make this thing go away without telling me. And that didn't happen here. They did this together. They opened it up, adopted each other, and sent it up here to your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, it's a mess, and I hope I don't have to do one of these again. Are you cleaning up internally in the Department of Justice?

22 MR. GOBENA: Your Honor, you know, not to dump on my colleague here, all we did, we intervened on the drugs we intended to intervene on, and we're proceeding with them.

THE COURT: I'm just simply saying, the Department

defendants when it came to responding to document subpoenas, Abbott being one of them.

MR. DALY: Judge, there is just one tiny point I want to make on the relation back because I know I'm not going to have a chance to do it later.

THE COURT: Yes, just one second.

MR. DALY: On the Baylor case, the Court when you did the Dey decision, you said, you know, there might be circumstances where Baylor might apply if the delay caused such prejudice that it gets to almost a due process constitutional. That's the Baylor issue we're raising for your Honor when you get to that part of the relation back, which is --

THE COURT: Yes, but you didn't really show that. MR. DALY: Oh, but we did, Judge. We detailed it time and time again. All of their witnesses are saying either, "I don't remember," or, "I wish I had my documents that I just told you are destroyed."

THE COURT: But they haven't shown me what they would have remembered that would have made a difference.

MR. DALY: All of the questions that we asked them, I mean, their witnesses, they had -- the government did not issue a hold memo until 2007 in this case.

THE COURT: A what memo?

MR. DALY: A litigation, hold your documents, don't

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13 (Pages 46 to 49)

48 1 destroy documents relating to X, Y, and Z, the thing that 1 MR. DALY: Donna Shalala? Ms. Shalala? 2 you're supposed to do, when they've had this litigation 2 THE COURT: Yes. They knew. Why they didn't do 3 pending for twelve years. 3 surveys, that would be an interesting question. 4 MR. GOBENA: Well, there's actually an answer to THE COURT: What would you have found? I mean, 4 5 that's why I wasn't persuaded. What would you have found if 5 that, your Honor. 6 they had kept everything? 6 THE COURT: Which is? 7 MR. DALY: Tom Scully, the head administrator of 7 MR. GOBENA: Which is that when the agency sought 8 CMS, he had all kinds of files on -to do surveys, there was the Director of Payment Policy, 8 9 THE COURT: But what would they have shown? 9 Charles Booth, sent out a memo to carriers asking them to do 10 MR. DALY: They would have shown further knowledge 10 surveys in 1994, right after the reg passed in '92. And the 11 11 survey was actually killed by the Office of Management And and --12 THE COURT: But we know that up the kazoo. The 12 Budget. 13 government knew. The government knew. The government knew. 13 Now, what we've learned in discovery is that Abbott 14 At least from all those OIG reports, they knew. 14 as well as two or three other companies met with 15 representatives of ASCO, the American Society of Clinical MR. DALY: Well, they knew more than that, though. 15 16 They knew about not only generalized spreads, they knew 16 Oncologists, to get together to develop a strategy to go out 17 specific spreads, they knew everything, and we were trying to 17 and reach out to OMB and have OMB kill the study. And in 18 improve our case. 18 19 THE COURT: Assume it's true. 19 THE COURT: Maybe, but you are OMB. You know, it's 20 20 MR. DALY: Well, if we can assume it's true, then I one unitary Executive Branch government. I saw those 21 haven't been prejudiced. 21 documents in the last case. I know the pharmaceutical 22 22 THE COURT: I mean, they knew. They just, they industry tried to, or at least some of them, tried to stop 23 were fighting, and they couldn't get it through Congress, and 23 that survey; but at the end of the day, the person who 24 they couldn't get it through -- they knew as of, for sure, 24 stopped it was the federal government. 25 25 for sure, by 2001, but they pretty much knew by 1997 when you MR. GOBENA: Well, I mean, they raised issues about 47 49 1 had the Budget Act pass. 1 the burden hours to various people to respond to the 2 MR. DALY: Yes. 2 documents or whatever, but --3 MR. GOBENA: And, your Honor, we're going to see, 3 THE COURT: Sure, Small Business Regulatory Reform actually when we get to the summary judgment stage that while 4 Act. I know that. I am simply saying that the federal 4 5 the agency might have known something about the drugs 5 government had the power to conduct the surveys; and whether 6 generally, it was trying to do its best to change things. 6 it was HHS or OMB, the federal government didn't do it, 7 And there were actually drug companies that lobbied Congress 7 although they knew AWP was a phony price. Now, what legal 8 to block changes, Abbott being one of them. Actually that's 8 ramifications that has, I don't know, but I don't see the 9 one of the areas of discovery we're doing with the company 9 prejudice to you. I've got to go. 10 right now is that they actually went to Congress people and 10 MR. GOBENA: One thing I'd ask. 11 11 THE COURT: What? tried to block the Secretary from having discretion to change 12 12 MR. GOBENA: We'd ask your Honor to reconsider the drug --13 THE COURT: But you'd be hard-pressed to say you 13 15(c)(1) ruling on --14 didn't know. 14 THE COURT: Denied. You can't have it both ways. 15 15 MR. GOBENA: I understand, I understand, but (c)(1) is different. See you later. 16 there's knowledge, and it has to be knowledge and approval 16 MR. DALY: Thank you, Judge. Thanks for your time 17 17 for the False Claims Act. today. 18 THE COURT: Right, knowledge is different from 18 THE CLERK: Court is in recess. 19 approval. I mean, that's why I wasn't persuaded because I 19 (Adjourned, 4:55 p.m.) 20 went through that trial. They knew. Maybe they didn't know 20 21 about Aciclovir. I don't know. That may be one of your 21 22 points. But they knew that AWP was a phony, fictional price 22 23 by the mid-1990s. They knew. So that's why I wasn't 23 24 persuaded. They knew. What's her name, she was trying to 24 change it? She kept getting shot down. 25

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